

PROBABILITIES.
Fine and cold until
evening.

McGill Daily

"DAILY" PHONES.
Editorial Up. 446
Business Up. 433
Advertising.. Main 3053

VOL. 5. NO. 111.

MONTREAL, THURSDAY, MARCH 2, 1916.

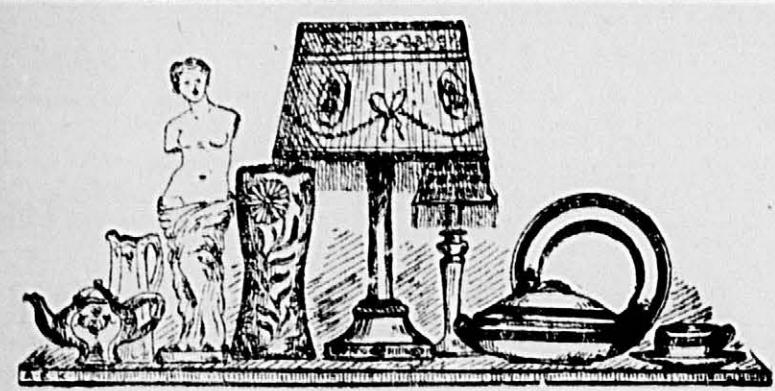
PRICE TWO CENTS.



Style, Fit
and Service
THREE POINTS
ABOUT
Campbell's Clothing

That should appeal to you. We aim at having our styles UP-TO-DATE. We give a correct fit, and the ever high-class workmanship is a guarantee of lasting service.

Wm. McLaughlin Registered
21 McGill College Ave. Montreal



Italian Marbles and Terra Cotta

We have a very large selection of these Artistic Goods, in Figures, Groups, Busts, Jardinières, Window Boxes, Trinket Boxes, etc., which we are offering at a Discount of 33 1/3%. Also a Special Table of Marbles, some slightly imperfect, which we will clear at 50% Discount.

THE BRODEUR COMPANY, LIMITED
56 ST. PETER STREET.

ANGLINS

65 Victoria St., Montreal LIMITED

BUILDERS and CONTRACTORS with a long-standing reputation for good and rapid construction. Recent work includes: Williams Mfg. Co., Loyola College, Toilet Laundry, St. Lawrence Sugar Refinery, Beling Paul Corticelli Co., etc., in Montreal. Bell Telephone, Canadian Ingersoll Rand and Walter Blue Factory in Sherbrooke, P.Q. Canadian Cottons, Cornwall, Ont.; also buildings in Halifax, N.S.; St. John, N.B.; Quebec and St. Johns, Que., and Brantford, Ottawa and Gananoque in Ontario.

WRITE FOR PARTICULARS
Estimates, etc., furnished without charge

Farquhar Robertson, Limited
Anthracite & Bituminous Coal
& Foundry Coke
206 St. James Street, Montreal.

allan's "ARCH" MOIR, Manager
New Entrance:
161 Peel St., cor. St. Catherine

Montreal's Largest
Upstairs Shop

Everything in up-to-date clothes is here—every stylish model in hundreds of attractive patterns and finishes. You are sure to find just the Suit or Overcoat you will want to wear.

**\$25.00 Suit
or Overcoat**

\$15.00

Special Discount for Students
Be as Well-Dressed for \$10 less



DR. TAYLOR SPEAKS TO R.V.C.

Related Some of His Experiences While at Front.

WORK OF CHAPLAIN

Most Of It Done in Training Camp—Discusses Soldier's Life.

Yesterday afternoon Dr. Bruce Taylor gave a most enjoyable talk on his experience of the war to the Delta Sigma Society. His address, which was informal, was most instructive, and his audience felt that they realized what war really means more keenly than they had ever done before. Dr. Taylor brought with him a map of Belgium such as each officer has, and also the stub and part of the fragments of a "coal box." He said that while he was at the front the Canadians had not been in any big engagement, but experienced the every-day trench warfare, which is trying enough. On the map he showed the way line of the front which the Canadians occupied from Ypres to Armentières, and also he pointed out the famous and deadly Ypres salient. Dr. Taylor left Montreal on June 10th and reached Devonport on a fine Saturday night. On the voyage they had boat drill frequently. They were given a great reception at Devonport, and proceeded through Devon up to London, and so on to Shorncliffe, where they detrained and marched to St. Martin's Plain, only to find that they had arrived ahead of their transports and had to sleep on the tent floor in kilts, which garments are not adapted for warmth when sleeping. They spent an ideal three and a half months in training. Though the work was hard, they enjoyed the fresh air. Their work consisted of battalion drill, bomb-throwing, machine gun and musketry practice and route marching. The musketry course was a seven weeks' one, with practice every day on ranges by the sea. The route marches occupied a large part of their time. The purpose was chiefly to harden the men's feet; they marched both with and without packs. Marching with packs is much harder than the inexperienced imagine. The extra weight throws one off one's balance, forcing the feet forward in the shoes and thus blistering the toes. In view of this, Dr. Taylor advised those present when they are sending off socks to the front to put in a round of adhesive plaster. The care of the feet is most important; many perfectly healthy men become flat-footed through want of attention. Therefore at the end of a route march every man had his feet examined by the doctor.

Work of Chaplain.

The chaplain's work is mainly done in the training camps; at the front itself he can have no large services, because a collection of men would attract the attention of German aeroplanes. Death is a common occurrence at the front; there is no mourning and no unnecessary aggravation of sorrow. If a man is killed, his place is filled up immediately. Even in the officers' mess, no one has a fixed place. This avoids the extra notice being taken of a gap when an officer is missing.

The men's huts are warm, but full of vermin. The bathing arrangements are excellent. Every man gets a bath once a week; his clothes are taken away from him and he gets clean ones, darned and mended. The old clothes are disinfected and washed, and then mended by women employed for the purpose.

Three Kinds of Trenches.

There are, roughly speaking, three kinds of trenches—the communication trenches, the reserved and the front line trenches. No track runs straight, but has bays. The front line trench is built up, more than dug down, but the communication trenches are from 6 1/2 to 7 feet deep. The reserve trenches are all named. In the first line trenches the sentries stand up in each bay, but the other soldiers lie around as much as possible, except at stand-to in the morning and the evening. The trench mortar bombs are the most terrifying of all missiles. One can follow their flight from start to finish; they travel apparently slowly, and when they keep up all day long, it is most trying to the nerves.

Dr. Taylor said that this war has shown us that the men of this generation are not soft, as we sometimes used to imagine they were. Nobody shirks, though every one is probably afraid. It is a question of duty; there is little overwork and plenty to eat. Each man thinks that he will not be hit—it will probably be some other fellow. Montreal may well be proud of the men she has sent. Dr. Taylor

ARTS '17 TO HOLD PARTY.

Will Hold Skating Party and Dance in Conjunction With R.V.C.

To-morrow evening, weather conditions being favorable, the classes of R.V.C. '17 and Arts '17 will duplicate on a slightly more pretentious style the evening which was spent about a fortnight ago by the Senior Year of Arts and the R.V.C., when they will hold a composite entertainment, including skating, supper, and dancing. The last two will follow the visit to the rink, and will be held in the Union Grill Room. Elaborate preparations are being made by the masters of ceremonies, and this, the nearest approach to a Junior year event this session, promises to be a pleasant evening's enjoyment.

MIDNIGHT LIST OF CASUALTIES

Ottawa, March 1.—The following is the list of names up to midnight:

8th Battalion.

Wounded—Edward Murphy, John street, Quebec City, Que.; Charles E. Wade, England.

9th Battalion.

Seriously ill—Hugh Morris, England.

14th Battalion.

Accidentally wounded, discharged February 21st—Joseph Melanson, Seward, N.B.

18th Battalion.

Severely wounded—Lieut. Arnold Munro Dillon, shell wound in face, 19 Marley Place, London, Ont.

22nd Battalion.

Wounded—Odilon Trepainier, 389 Amherst street, Montreal.

Killed in action—Onesime Nault, Gennay road, Biddeford, Maine.

27th Battalion.

Killed in action—Captain Alfred J. Matthews, 552 Wardlow avenue, Winnipeg, Man.

Royal Canadian Regiment

Wounded—Lieut. Archibald Hugh C. Campbell, 3 North Sherbourne street, Toronto.

6th Canadian Mounted Rifles

Died—Lance-Corp. George W. Westaver, Waterville, Kings Co., N.S.

4th Artillery Brigade

Killed in action—Corporal Alfred H. Bates, England.

1st Pioneers.

Seriously ill—John Roberts, Wales.

3rd Divisional Train.

Fractured arm—Frank Davidson, Ottawa, Ont.

No. 1 Canadian Stationary Hospital

Dangerously ill—Nursing Sister Mabel Clint, No. 59 Esplanade, Quebec, Que.

Depot Company, Canadian Army Medical Corps.

Seriously ill—Archie Barnett, England.

NEWS BOARD MEETING.

Vote of Thanks to H. R. Morgan Was Passed Yesterday.

The annual meeting of the News Board was held yesterday afternoon in the Union, with the editor-in-chief in the chair. Mr. V. S. Green was elected secretary to take the place of G. W. Bourke, who has become managing editor. The question of granting Daily pins to those who had qualified for them was voted up, and a list of these men made out and passed. Two additions were made to the News Board to take the place of E. J. Lowe, resigned, and G. W. Bourke, who is now the managing editor. The men chosen were A. L. Smith and J. E. McLeod.

The following resolution was passed by the board for publication in the Daily:

"Considering that the McGill Daily has attained, during the past year, a most enviable place in the field of college journalism throughout America; and, considering that this improvement is to be credited almost entirely to the constant, careful and efficient direction of the editorial and news policies of the paper by the retiring editor-in-chief. I wish to move a vote of thanks and appreciation to Mr. Morgan for the service which he has rendered, not only for the Daily, but the University as well."

The resolution was moved by T. J. Kelly and seconded by P. A. G. Clarke.

After the consideration of some other minor details of business, meeting adjourned.

said that when he looked at the men of the First and Second Universities Companies, it almost seemed a pity that so many men should be privates who would make such excellent officers.

PAPER ON STATE THEORIES READ

Views of Hobbes, Spinoza, and Locke Discussed

BEFORE PHILOSOPHERS

Interesting Discussion Follows Reading by M. I. Sigler Last Evening.

A most interesting meeting of the Philosophical Society was held in room B, Strathcona Hall, last evening, when Mr. M. I. Sigler delivered an instructive discourse on the theories of government put forward by Hobbes, Spinoza and Locke, with comparisons. Mr. C. N. Clark, the president, occupied the chair.

In introducing his subject, Mr. Sigler explained that he would treat the subject under discussion under various heads, as follows: First, Hobbes's theory; secondly, Spinoza's theory; thirdly, Locke's theory, and lastly, comparisons and contrasts between each view as propounded by the author.

The essence of Hobbes's theory, explained the speaker, was the absolute, though perhaps not the divine right of kingship. Hobbes grounds his whole conception of moral and social life on the impulse of self-preservation, which he does not prove, but takes for granted. This leads him to conclude that there is a state of war in nature—"Bellum omnium contra omnes."

"This point of view," continued the speaker, "enables Hobbes to deduce the life of the state from individual self-preservation. It is evident from the theory of contract that enlightened self-interest will prompt each individual to render obedience. The power which is to be obeyed must be unconditioned, so that each individual is entirely impotent against it.

Spinoza's Government.

"Spinoza's government is founded on the common consent of the governed, but there is no elaborate analysis of the supposed contract. He deduces that no government is really absolute. Rulers who act in contempt of their subjects commit political suicide."

"Spinoza then goes on to define the various types of government—monarchy, aristocracy and democracy. His ideal monarchy is on the whole more popular than his ideal aristocracy, but in the abstract, he prefers democracy. "Spinoza rejects all claims, whether religious or otherwise, to set up a power in the state equal to civil power or superior to it. He denounces the ecclesiastical pretensions at every opportunity. He, however, allows for individual speculation in matters pertaining to religion, provided it does not come into direct conflict with the civil power. In this he is more liberal than Hobbes, who claims that religion must be swallowed whole like a pill."

To sum up, Mr. Sigler maintained that Spinoza's influence would have been equally as great if not greater than Hobbes's, if he had been as well known. Spinoza's doctrine rests on a broad, generous view of human life. It aims at a high mark. "It is the work of a philosopher who is proud of being a free citizen."

Locke's Views.

Locke's standpoint regarding the principles of good government is not the result of a purely scientific development of ideas. He was influenced by certain events, such as the Revolution of 1688, his main idea being to shatter the theories laid down by the partisans of James II. The latter claimed that kings were divinely constituted beings, and that it was sacrilegious to dispute their will.

In contrast to Hobbes's state of nature, Locke's natural state is not one of war. An actual state of war does not arise until some one individual acts contrary to the law of reason. Locke's theory is that every man gives up his actual natural power into the hands of the community that does not exclude him from appealing for protection to the law established by it. The contract is for the people, and by the people. The residuary power consequently rests with the people.

To sum up, Locke was a clear thinker, though rather shaky in his arguments. He did not have the decision and analytical power of Hobbes, or of even Thos. Smith of a century before, yet, on the whole, he serves our purpose very well in laying down the foundation of a really ideal democratic government.

Mr. Sigler then pointed out that of the three men, Hobbes was the most central figure, about whom discussion flows with ever-increasing velocity. His teaching proved an incentive to the minds of great men like Spinoza.



ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.

LARGEST AND WEALTHIEST FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY IN THE WORLD.

LIFE DEPARTMENT

SOME "ROYAL" RECORDS

PROFITS FUNDS
Same unrivaled high rate of profits for 40 years.
Over \$1,000,000 cash distributed to policyholders at last declaration of profits, being 26.8% of the with-profit premiums received during the quinquennium.

CLAIMS ECONOMY
No claim has ever been contested.
The building of all the houses, the mills, the bridges and the ships and the accomplishment of all other great works which have rendered man civilized and happy, have been done by the savers, the thrifty; and those who invested their resources have always been their slaves.

The time to begin to save is now. Write at once for particulars of special money, no matter how small. Student's Endowment to J. M. Coote, Royal Insurance Co., Limited, Montreal.

E.G. M. Cape & Company LIMITED

ENGINEERS and CONTRACTORS

MONTREAL and ST. JOHN, N.B.

General Building Construction

SOME CONTRACTS RECENTLY UNDERTAKEN:

McGill Medical Building, west wing; Ross Pavilion, Royal Victoria Hospital; Lewis Building; Canadian Fairbanks Morse Building; New Plant for Northern Electric Company, Limited; Naval Construction Works for Canadian Vickers, Limited; Steel Plant for Armstrong, Whitworth Company, Limited; the Atlantic Sugar Refinery, St. John, N.B.; Concrete Harbor Wharves at West St. John, N.B., etc., etc.

Head Office: NEW BIRKS BUILDING
PHILLIPS SQUARE, MONTREAL

Harrison's Bakery

—Stands For—

Quality and Service

Always eat bread made by us because

Phone Mount 3566 "WE KEEP THE QUALITY UP"



When You Are Hungry And Want Something Real Good To Eat, Try

The Alexandra

344 St. Catherine West

(Opposite Goodwin's)

McGill Daily

THE ONLY COLLEGE DAILY IN CANADA.

The Official Organ of the Undergraduate Body of McGill University.

Published every day except Sunday by
THE STUDENTS' COUNCIL.

Eric A. Cushing, '17, President T. W. L. MacDermot, '17, Editor-in-Chief G. W. Bourke, '17, Managing Editor

T. J. Kelly, B.A., '17, F. A. G. Clark, '17. NEWS BOARD. V. S. Green, '18, J. E. McLeod, '17, A. I. Smith, '18.

J. F. L. Brown, '17, E. C. Common, '18, J. R. Dean, B.A., '18, M. G. De Roche, '19, L. E. Farmer, '17, E. A. Findlay, '17, A. Gallay, '17. ASSOCIATE EDITORS. A. Gardner, '16, H. L. Gokee, '17, A. B. Hawthorne, '17, N. J. Lake, '18, E. A. Livingstone, '17, S. R. Murray, '16, E. L. Robinson, '17. REPORTERS. J. Levy, '18, A. S. Naud, '19, R. G. A. Overing, '19, L. H. Stillwell, '19. ROYAL VICTORIA COLLEGE STAFF. Miss Alice Melvin, '18, Editor. REPORTERS. Miss Helen Kelly, '17, Asst. Editor.

Miss Elizabeth Monk, '19, Miss Lillian Irwin, '17, Miss Grace Gardner, '18, Miss Florence Kilpatrick, '17, Miss M. Gibb, '16. GRADUATES' CORRESPONDENT — W. B. Scott, B.C.L., '12, 701 Royal Trust Building.

OFFICES: Editorial: McGill Union, Up. 446. BUSINESS: McGill Union, Up. 433. NEWS EDITOR IN CHARGE H. Shaefer. Associate — A. G. Gardner.

Thursday, March 2, 1916.

SCISSORED SENTIMENT

TORONTO UNIVERSITY.

There are two different kinds of education: one aims at producing scholars, the other at evolving the enlightened, reliable man, who in one sphere or another, will be of public service and will efficiently discharge his duties to the community in which he lives. The former is the ideal of those who advocate post-graduate work; the latter, of those who concentrate on the years of undergraduate activity.

Ought the University of Toronto to attempt to compete with the other large educational institutions of the continent in the sphere of specialized academic work, for the favor of those who wish to devote themselves to a life of study? This question has been often enough debated, and supporters will be found for both the affirmative and the negative. We do not think it should, for the present at least.

Scholarship is a fine thing. It has an irresistible attraction for many minds, especially such as prefer a calm, contemplative atmosphere, to the storms of a more strenuous life. It is the aim of all those of critical mind, of literary taste, and of bookish instinct. But it is not conducive to originality. Few of those who take post-graduate work in any literary subject ever produce any lasting original matter.

The attraction of scholarship per se is not by any means universal. Only a small percentage of those who graduate look upon it as an end in itself, or feel any great desire to pursue their studies through all the minutiae which are the special care of the post-graduate school. To direct much energy to the building up of such a school, at the expense of the undergraduate education, would be a great mistake.

On the other hand, the first duty of the University of Toronto, as a state institution, is to send out the length and breadth of the Dominion a class of men who, as preachers, teachers, lawyers, doctors, engineers and in other capacities, will help to build up the nation, will mould public opinion, and will be influences for good wherever they happen to be.

To efficiently perform its task, the University must, during the period of their undergraduate studies, direct its whole energies to preparing the young men who come up for education, to make good citizens first, good scholars next, if it is desirable that any should fulfil their life-work in the academic realm.

In the case of the sciences, however, and of medicine in particular, the further research work can be carried, the better is the University fitted to discharge its duty. The results obtained in the laboratory are, as a rule, of direct and immediate application in the problems that arise in the life of the country as a whole. The more a man knows of biology, physics, chemistry, the medical, and the applied sciences, the greater is his ability to serve.

The University would be justified in emphasizing post-graduate work in these subjects. But, as far as literature, history, and those things generally included in an Arts education are concerned, the University would not be justified in entering into competition with the other large universities or in attempting to attract students from over the line. The University's first duty is to Canada. At present, in this country, there is no great demand for scholarship; the people are too busy developing the resources, building up the commerce, solving the problems of a growing young nation. Some time in the future when the population has increased, when these other matters have been attended to, when the so-called leisure class makes its appearance, when the people turn to intellectual problems and scholarship, the demand for the highly-finished, specialized product of the post-graduate schools will become greater. Then the University of Toronto will be called upon to train scholars, and will be justified in entering the race for academic supremacy. —VARSITY.

ODE TO SLACKERS.

On with the dance!
Fair women and gay music and soft lights—

On Fleisch fields another dance goes on
To the infernal rag-time of the guns,
Where brave men die that ye may live at ease.

And shuddered heroes groan their lives away—

What matters this if but in Canada
The dance goes on?

On with the dance!
Here all is well and pain and loss are far—

Ye scan no lists with haggard eyes and blind

If haply one, the bravest and the best, Husband or son or brother who went forth

To drums and fife, returneth not again.

Brought such as this mar not your pleasure as

The dance goes on.

On with the dance!
The latest fancy steps are de rigueur, Freddie and Cholley, Mamaduke and Claude,

Caper and prance and foot it merrily.

No shirkers these nor slackers at this game.

What's that? A bugle call without?

Pooh, pooh! Let fight who will. Not we. Who cares so long?

The dance goes on?"

—Beck's Weekly, Montreal.

McGILLIANA

ROBERT WARDEN LEE, M.A., B.C.L.

Fellow, he retaining this office until 1914.

The present head of the Law Faculty was also an examiner in the Final School of Jurisprudence at Oxford from 1906-1909, and also for the degree of Bachelor of Civil Law at Oxford in 1911 and 1912. Again, too, from 1909 to 1914 he was examiner in Roman, Dutch, and also Roman Law, to the Council of Legal Education in London.

When Dr. F. P. Walton resigned as head of the Department of Law to accept the important position of legal adviser to the Egyptian Government, students and members of the Faculty alike thought that his place would never again be filled with a man of such striking ability. This fear, however, was given its quietus when the Board of Governors appointed Robert Warden Lee, M.A., B.C.L., to succeed the well-known Professor. Dean Lee's task at the outset was undoubtedly a great one, owing to the fact that his predecessor had been so popular with the students, as well as having been a very efficient lecturer in Roman Law.

Dean Lee has been at McGill since the fall of 1914, and during this time has created the impression of being a man who always has the welfare of his students at heart, as well as being a really capable lecturer in Roman Law and British Constitutional Law.

Whenever he is discussing any topic during his lectures he is always willing to hear the students' opinion on various matters, and also their ideas relative to certain cases. In a subject like Roman Law, where it is very difficult for students to keep their minds concentrated at all times, Dean Lee seems to have the faculty of always directing the minds of the students in the right direction. Never does he allow his lectures to lag, and never does he occupy the students with unnecessary details in order that he may take up the whole hour.

As a well-educated man in law, the worthy Dean of the McGill Law Department expects a good deal of his students, and, as a result, he is untiring in his efforts to impart his knowledge to them. Whenever doubtful cases arise, Dean Lee never hesitates to spend considerable time in reading up a number of authorities, and to thus clear up anything that might mislead the students.

When meeting Dean Lee for the first time, one is immediately impressed with his broad-mindedness. His features are those of the lawyer in every respect,—in fact, one might almost say that he is an exact copy of some famous Roman statesman. He is of fairly tall stature, while his gaze is one of a member before the bar when in charge of a "big case." He seems to question every doubtful remark, and never hesitates to give his opinions on all matters. As a result of this, he is popular with the students, as well as with his colleagues. On innumerable occasions, too, the Dean is very humorous and witty, having clever word for the students at all times.

Although it may seem rather strange to a large number of the student body, the head of the Faculty of Law is the youngest dean at McGill University to-day. Born on December 14, 1868, in North Wales, Dean Lee has already had a very active career. Although he first saw the light in North Wales, the Dean says, "I am not a Welshman." He is the third son of the late Rev. M. H. Lee, Canon of St. Asaph, and of Louisa, daughter of Robert Warden, of Parkhill, Stirling, Scotland. His education, as may be guessed, has been of a very extensive character. Before deciding to study law, the present Dean was a classical scholar of Balliol College, Oxford, when that institution was presided over by the famous Dr. Jowett. He took First Class Honors in Classical Moderations at Oxford in 1889, thus showing himself to be a student of no mean ability. Two years later he again came to the fore in the classics by taking First Class Honors in the Final Classical School. He took the degree of M.A. in 1894, and of B.C.L. in 1898.

During the interval from the time when he received First Class Honors in the Final Classical School and his receiving his Master of Arts degree, the present Dean of the Law Faculty was employed in the Ceylon Civil Service, from which he retired in 1894 in consequence of ill-health. In 1896 he was called to the Bar by the Honourable Society of Gray's Inn. He had, indeed, hardly received his law degree, when he started on his career of lecturing to students. His first appointment was as Lecturer in Jurisprudence at Oriel College, Oxford, a post which he retained until leaving England for Canada. The following session saw him engaged in the same work at Worcester College, Oxford, which college in 1903 elected him a

trustee of the University.

Having all these things to his credit, we therefore wonder why the present Dean has made us all forget his predecessor so soon? He, indeed, had a mighty task when he took up the burden, but he has shown himself a man who is quite capable for the office, and also quite worthy to fill Dr. Walton's shoes. The students like him, even though some of them do consider that his examinations are rather severe, and there is little doubt but that in the days to come Dean Lee will be looked upon with pride and satisfaction by all those students, as well as colleagues, who had the pleasure of coming into contact with him.

H. S.

PAPER ON STATE THEORIES READ

(Continued from Page 1.)

Locke, whom he influenced in different ways. Hobbes's theory strikingly resembles Spinoza's in many respects, while in Locke we find some real opposition.

The difference between Hobbes and Spinoza is that Hobbes wrote with a definite purpose in view, i.e., to establish the absolutism of kingship, whereas Spinoza was really seeking to construct a government on the foundation of pure philosophical and scientific ideas. This is the fundamental difference between Spinoza and Hobbes, since it places Spinoza in the position of an impartial constructor and critic, while Hobbes seems to call on Philosophy as an aid to his partisan ideas.

In conclusion, the speaker emphasized the fact that although Hobbes's theory in itself might not have been as valid substantially as the subse-

quent theories, nevertheless Hobbes stands out prominently as the central figure of the theoretical school of state.

Interesting discussion of a more or less diversive nature followed the reading of the paper, following which a hearty vote of thanks was moved and seconded. The meeting then adjourned.

CLASS HOCKEY NOTICE.

The following games must be played on dates scheduled, unless otherwise arranged between competing teams:

Thursday, March 2, 1-2 p.m.—Med. '20 vs. Sci. '19.

Saturday, March 4, 2-3 p.m.—Law vs. Med.-Science winners.

ARTS '17 MEETING.

There will be a meeting of the class of Arts '17 this morning at 11:30 in the smoking room. Important business is to come up.

JENKS WRITES OF CONDITIONS

Gives Some Information of Life With McGill Hospital.

NOTES OF STUDENTS

"Bunt" Tinling Has Been Promoted to Rank of Sergeant-Major.

Some eighteen months ago the horrid spectre War marched down every street of the British Empire, through every lane, in every hamlet, had stopped at every single house, cottage and hall alike, like its second in command Death, and cried, "Come."

It seems so strange to read in home papers of mammoth patriotic funds involving millions, of "Succor for our Prisoners of War," of the extensive spread of the Red Cross Society till it has touched every hamlet in that fair land; to hear of recruiting meetings in those peaceful towns, to induce our men to go to war in this far-off country. Such things are unusual to Canadian eyes, and it is not always easy to realize that it is true.

Still, one's attention is repeatedly directed to situations which don't arise in the usual ways of life.

To-night, one of those beautiful clear nights, when the solemn moon is waning and the stars twinkle as peacefully over France as they ever did over America, when the breezes blow as quietly as they ever did on a May night at home, the sky is washed by the penetrating beams of gigantic searchlights, darting thither and yon, looking for Death—that new kind of "frightfulness" which lurks in Zeppelin raids. Then one begins to think that, though it is unusual, it is real.

How differently now we gaze at these night illuminations—still in wonder, still mystified, it is true, yet there is a touch of romantic seriousness that was wanting in other days. At home when the fleet lay at anchor in the harbor we delighted, from the shore, to follow the same piercing ray as it whitened earth and sea and air. How pleasurable it was, too, to see a mighty city swept by an arm of light shot from a towering building. But for nearly a year now that long slender beam of light has had a new interpretation for us. It recalls old memories—more, it recalls that we are at serious business, that we, even we, are at war.

Such a war as it is, too. One is surprised at the extremes, the softening luxury and the bitter hardships, but in the large, it is a comparatively easy living war, as wars go. A few miles behind the trenches there are bath-huts, where all ranks are able to secure a good cleansing, a process that is needed frequently, as any one who has been in the line or one who has served in a hospital ward will testify. Even in the trenches it is possible to secure a hot or cold shower, thanks to the convenience of a collapsible bath outfit which has lately been invented in England. According to Kipling, Death and wounding come by nature, but to live dry, sleep soft and keep yourself clean by forethought and contrivance is Art. By this token the modern soldier is somewhat of an artist. The fighter must have a try at cleanliness, and he must be amused, too, in aid in relieving his pent-up feelings. To this end one Canadian chaplain, of whom I know, has been relieved of his ministerial duties in order that he may "stir up" entertainment in the rest billets just back of the line. He is expected to "get up" a new performance every day. Many of them are of minstrels, because of the possibility of choruses—and the boys do like a chorus! Moreover, it gives them an opportunity to sing away the memory of bursting shrapnel, which is such a strain on their senses. This is a war of nerves as well as of chemistry, you know. Close to the front go concert parties, bringing with them the songs of old England. Such songs! They never seem to reach Canada. The artists are of high rank, musically. Some are professional entertainers from London; some are talented society people; others have been trained at the best English and Russian colleges. They are wonderful entertainers. Mr. Thomas Atkins, whether wounded or fit, is not easily pleased or satisfied. He knows good "stuff" when he hears it, and his manner of appreciation is most acute.

The enthusiasm of these Tommy audiences is stupendous; intensive is none too strong. If he likes the fare, one encore is far too meagre. "My word," how he does like these concerts! How he stamps and whistles and shouts and calls! He is used collectively, of reverie section of the Empire is represented in every throng, and each has its own brand of appreciation. When uttered in unison, the result is most impressive. Many of these travelling bands of musicians have been recruited by Miss Lena Ashwell, the actress and manager. One of their strongest supporters is Princess Victoria of Schleswig-Holstein. Hence they are known as the Princess Victoria Concert Parties.

Now we are located in what used to be a Jesuit college, situated on the Bouillon Hills, overlooking the city of Boulogne. It was an important institution some years ago; now it's a mass of ruins. Prior to our occupation, the establishment was used by the Meurit Stationary Hospital for Indian soldiers (the place became vacant when Indian troops were withdrawn from this country some months ago). A few of the old dormitories remain. We live in one; the operating room is in one, the dental department in another, and the quartermaster's stores occupy the school's theatre. Wooden and metal huts erected on



Sir! Wouldn't a New Hat
Smart up your appearance? The
Spring styles are all in. Fine
Felts and an assortment of styles
so comprehensive that you're sure
to find one that suits your own par-
ticular type of face.

Prices, \$2.50 and \$3.00.

Goodwin's
LIMITED

AMUSEMENTS

This Week
MATINEES
THUR. & SAT. 2:30.
EVEN., 2:30, 5:30, 7:30.
GEO. F. DRISCOLL
Presents

The Story of
The Rosary
Walter Howard's Remarkable Drama
of Love and War.

AUSPICES
BATT-148TH-ALION

PRINCESS TO-NIGHT AT 8:30.
MAT. SATURDAY
The Smartest Musical Comedy
of the Year.

"NOBODY HOME"
Prices: Even. 50c to \$1.50. Mat. 50c to \$1.
NEXT WEEK—SEATS THURSDAY.
The Sensational
Musical Comedy
Success. The Only Girl

VAUDEVILLE
ORPHEUM
Daily Mat., 15-25c — Nights, 15-75c.
Seven Honey
Boy Minstrels
Doolley & Ruel
Holmes &
Buchanan
Berline Ford
McLellan &
Carson
Sunday Feature Concerts—2 and 7 p.m.

GAYETY
THIS WEEK
MIDNIGHT MAIDENS
With PETE CURLEY

IMPERIAL
TO-DAY
Metro Film Company Presents

GRACE ELLISTON
in
Black Fear

One of the Sensations of the
Season of Filmland.

GYM. CONTEST NEXT WEEK

Date of Competition for Wicksteed Medals Drawing Near.

SPECIAL PRACTICES HELD

Have Proved of Great Assistance to the Intending Competitors.

Only a week remains before the Wicksteed Gymnastic Competitions. The competition is to be held on two days, the first on March 9th and the second on March 11th.

The special practices that have been held in preparation for the competition have proved to be of great assistance to the intending competitors, and a marked improvement has been shown in the various exercises. Tuesday's practice brought out a large number of students, who, after reviewing the required movements, devoted the most of the hour to work on the voluntary exercises. Special work was also done on the potato race, and some excellent times were recorded, the best being made by W. S. Gould, *Sc. '18*, with a fraction over 44 secs. The following men were out:

W. C. Lowry,
B. A. Klein,
J. Aggman,
W. S. Gould,
E. E. Weibel,
M. W. Henderson,
A. G. Anderson,
T. A. G. Bishop,
L. A. Blenjonne,
N. N. Copeland,
R. H. Foss,
E. D. McGee,
B. D. Usher,
H. R. Wiggs,
C. D. Woolward.

At this afternoon's special practice at five o'clock, general work will be indulged in, including the potato race trials.

Following is a list of the movements, for the benefit of those men who did not receive copies:

All competitors are required to swim a distance of at least fifty yards.

GYMNAStic DANCING—100 Marks.

Selected steps from the gymnastic dances given in regular class work.

DRILL—100 Marks.

Selected movements from regular class work.

LOW HORIZONTAL BAR—10 Marks.

10 for each Movement.

1. Right knee mount to side riding rest, L 1/2 R to back rest, dismount 3/4 turn R turn.

2. Front rest, slow forward circle to mat.

3. Backward body circle to front rest, short underswing dismount.

4. Voluntary movement.

20 YARD POTATO RACE.

Competitors are awarded points according to time made.

Boxes, 2 ft. high, 12 in. square, 4 in. deep, 31 ft. apart (outside). Eight potatoes.

60 seconds—50 points.

55 seconds—62.5 points.

50 seconds—75 points.

45 seconds—87.5 points.

40 seconds—100 points.

60 sec.—50 points, and 1/4 point is granted for every 1.5 second less than 60 seconds.

PARALLELS—80 Marks.

10 for each set movement.

15 for each voluntary movement.

1. Run jump to free cross rest middle of bars, intermediate swing, front dismount R or L.

2. At end of bars R 1/2 R to floor, L 1/2 L to floor, to free cross rest at end of bars, outside cross seat on L bar travel forward to same seat on R bar, same to L bar, rear dismount R 1/4 turn L.

3. Run jump to free cross rest centre of bars, L leg 1/2 R over R bar 1/2 turn L to front leaning rest on both bars, side vault R to mat.

4. R hand on L bar, 1/2 turn to free cross rest, backward scissors to cross riding seat, travel forward twice, intermediate swing, rear dismount right, 1/2 turn L.

5. Free cross rest end bars, travel forward to middle of bars, 1/4 turn to front rest on R bar facing out, 1/4 turn R to free cross rest, intermediate swing, high front R dismount 1/2 turn L.

Note.—The complete 1-2 turn in free cross rest position may be taken on the swing.

6. Voluntary movement.

7. Voluntary movement.

HORSE—40 Marks.

10 for each Movement.

1. Squat vault to a back rest R 1/2 R, L 1/2 L side vault R, 1/2 turn R, backward roll.

2. Right hand on L pommel, R leg L circle, 1/2 turn L, R leg 1/2 R, L 1/2 L, dismount 1/2 R turn.

3. Front rest, R feint, rear vault L to mat, 1/4 L turn.

4. Voluntary.

LIEUT. GRIGG ON LEAVE.

Lieut. A. P. Grigg, a member of the class of Arts '16, who went overseas as a platoon commander in the Third Universities Company is now in London on leave. Lieut. Grigg is visiting his parents.

ARTS UNDERGRAD. NOMINATIONS.

Nominations for the presidency of the Arts Undergraduates' Society are now called for. The nominations must be signed by at least ten names of regular members of the Arts Undergraduates' Society and handed into the janitor of the Arts Building not later than 12 o'clock mid-day on Thursday, March 9.

C. RUSSELL MCKENZIE,
Pres. Arts. Undergrad. Soc.

LIEUT.-COL. MAGEE IS DISSATISFIED

Thinks That Montreal's Recruiting Record is Simply "Rotten."

The recruiting record of Montreal is behind that of other places. It is "simply rotten," according to Lieut.-Col. A. A. Magee, the colonel, who is in command of the 148th Battalion, now recruiting, and who gave an address in His Majesty's Theatre after the second act of "The Story of the Rosary," Tuesday night, saying:

"Canada has sent no finer men than those who went from Montreal with the first contingent, as the records of the war show. But how can you say our record is good when we have such hard work to build up new battalions while the streets are full of men fit for service? Fence off a block on St. Catherine street and you would have a battalion. Go to Fletcher's Field and you could collect a brigade of young men going in for all kinds of sports."

"There are lots of men, and they are not slackers, nor are they afraid. But something is needed to make them understand their duty. They do not understand that this is a time when sacrifices must be made. They do not understand what sacrifices men are making. I had one man apply to the 148th, and I asked him if he knew any men in the battalion. He replied that the only man he knew was his own son. Another man is with us who has three sons in the service."

"That is the position. We have these men with heavy responsibilities counting up their possibilities, and enlisting to do their duty, and we have these thousands of men with no responsibilities who will not go. We need men in the 148th. So do the other battalions recruiting here, and we need them right away."

"We have tried to stir up the patriotism of Montreal, but it seems as though we must give it up because there is nothing left to stir. But we are going to keep on and get the recruits. We want 491 more men in the 148th, and we are going to get them."

Recruiting for the 148th Battalion continued as usual Tuesday, a number of men being added to the strength. Now that the battalion's full strength is in the Peel street barracks, including officers and men, the men are getting down to hard training. The different companies are being organized into their different platoons, and everything is beginning to work with clock-work regularity.

This afternoon the entire battalion will parade on McGill Campus to have moving pictures of themselves taken. These films will probably be displayed at one or two theatres in the city, and will be used throughout the country for recruiting purposes.

LEAVES FOR SOUTH.

Dick Rudolph Gives Up Position at Williams College.

After coaching the Williams College pitching staff for the past month, Richard Rudolph has left to take the Southern training trip with the Boston Nationals. Rudolph has done a great deal to develop some of the less promising material among the college men. In addition to Young, who was the mainstay of the staff last year, Foster and Smith have both been making notable progress. Under the direction of Coach F. J. Daly, the entire squad of 40 odd men is having batting and fielding practice daily in the cage. A cut in the squad will probably be made shortly.

By a recount of the ballots in the spring of 1914, Arthur Temple, '10, of Texarkana, Tex., has been elected manager of the team to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Leonid Jacob, '10. In spite of a season of defeat, the report of the football manager, N. H. Flynn, '16, for the last fall shows the largest balance in the history of the management, the total profit amounting to over \$1,600.

MEET TO ROTATE YEARLY.

The Maine Intercollegiate Athletic Association voted that the annual track meet of the Maine colleges shall be held at each college in rotation, except that, in the event the facilities are inadequate, the meet shall be held on the track of the college next in line.

DARTMOUTH LOST ONE.

The Dartmouth College basketball team forced the Syracuse University five to the limit on Monday night, the latter winning, 20 to 16. Dartmouth led at the end of the first half.

In the second period well-organized pass work and clean shooting brought Syracuse to the front. Foul line shooting

PENN. LEAD IN BASKETBALL

Have Already Won Seven Games and Lost Two.

PRINCETON CLOSE SECOND
Important Game This Week Will Be Contest Between Yale and Princeton.

With only six games remaining to be played in the championship of the Intercollegiate Basketball League and at least three teams still in the running for the title held by Yale in 1915, interest in this college sport is just now at its height. Three games are to take place this week, with Cornell playing in two, one with Dartmouth and the other with Columbia. The other game will be between Yale and Princeton, and will be a very important affair.

Just now Pennsylvania is leading the race, and the Red and Blue have only one game to play, and that is with Cornell at Ithaca March 6. Judging from the work of the teams during the past few weeks, this is the game which will decide whether the Red and Blue get the title or Cornell takes it, or makes it possible for Princeton to win the championship. This year has been one of marked surprises, and almost any order which puts Pennsylvania, Cornell or Princeton among the first three teams would cause no surprise to those who have followed the league closely.

Cornell should win both her games this week easily, especially as both of them are to be played on the Ithaca courts. Cornell defeated Dartmouth at Hanover, February 21, 20 points to 19, but this was at a time when the Red and White were not playing nearly as good basketball as they are showing just now. Last Friday Cornell defeated Columbia on the latter's court 36 to 15, so that the Ithacans should be able to play several substitutes and win from the Blue and White this week.

The Princeton-Yale contest will be very important one. When these teams met at New Haven January 25, Yale won by a score of 19 to 18. This shows that at that time the teams were very evenly matched. Since then Yale has been showing a falling off in its play, while Princeton has been going better and better, with the result that the Orange and Black would seem to be favorite. Should the Elis, however, play their very best ball, they will more than probably furnish another upset to the already long list.

Captain McNichol, of Pennsylvania, is steadily adding to his big total of points scored, and has already passed the 100 point. He is the only player who has done this this winter; but he has the benefit of having played in nine games, while Kinney, of Yale, who is second with 93, and Haas, of Princeton, who is third with 91, have played in only eight games.

Williams, of Dartmouth, is leading in field goals with 23 to his credit, Haas and McGuire, both of Princeton, being close behind with 20 each. McNichol, of Pennsylvania, leads in foul goals with 80, being 19 points ahead of Kinney, of Yale, who is second with 61. The full list follows:

Field Goals. Pts.
McNichol, Penn. 16 112
Kinney, Yale 16 93
Haas, Princeton 20 91
Sisson, Dartmouth 18 64
Williams, Dartmouth 23 59
Brown, Cornell 13 41
Dwyer, Columbia 19 40
McGuire, Princeton 20 40
Calder, Columbia 9 34
L. Martin, Penn. 16 34
Sutterby, Cornell 16 33
Jones, Penn. 16 32
Ferree, Princeton 15 30
Williamson, Penn. 14 28
Lunden, Cornell 13 26
Weiner, Yale 12 24
Burgard, Columbia 12 24
Ashmead, Cornell 7 23
Shelton, Cornell 10 20
Dortch, Dartmouth 9 18
Stenrode, Dartmouth 8 16
Mallon, Yale 8 16
Jefford, Penn. 7 14
Taft, Yale 7 14
Kornsand, Columbia 6 12
Olsen, Yale 6 12
D. Martin, Dartmouth 6 12
Pelletier, Dartmouth 6 12
Davies, Princeton 5 10
Rau, Dartmouth 4 7
Leonard, Columbia 1 7
Roberts, Columbia 1 7
Hardwick, Penn. 2 6
Eskelin, Dartmouth 2 4
Princeton, Cornell 2 4
Wilber, Columbia 3 4
Ortner, Cornell 2 4
Aiston, Dartmouth 1 3
Glick, Princeton 1 3
Baker, Yale 1 3
Horton, Yale 1 3
Brush, Yale 1 3
Paulson, Princeton 0 3
Austin, Cornell 1 3
Walton, Yale 1 3

The full list follows:

Field Goals. Pts.
McNichol, Penn. 16 112
Kinney, Yale 16 93
Haas, Princeton 20 91
Sisson, Dartmouth 18 64
Williams, Dartmouth 23 59
Brown, Cornell 13 41
Dwyer, Columbia 19 40
McGuire, Princeton 20 40
Calder, Columbia 9 34
L. Martin, Penn. 16 34
Sutterby, Cornell 16 33
Jones, Penn. 16 32
Ferree, Princeton 15 30
Williamson, Penn. 14 28
Lunden, Cornell 13 26
Weiner, Yale 12 24
Burgard, Columbia 12 24
Ashmead, Cornell 7 23
Shelton, Cornell 10 20
Dortch, Dartmouth 9 18
Stenrode, Dartmouth 8 16
Mallon, Yale 8 16
Jefford, Penn. 7 14
Taft, Yale 7 14
Kornsand, Columbia 6 12
Olsen, Yale 6 12
D. Martin, Dartmouth 6 12
Pelletier, Dartmouth 6 12
Davies, Princeton 5 10
Rau, Dartmouth 4 7
Leonard, Columbia 1 7
Roberts, Columbia 1 7
Hardwick, Penn. 2 6
Eskelin, Dartmouth 2 4
Princeton, Cornell 2 4
Wilber, Columbia 3 4
Ortner, Cornell 2 4
Aiston, Dartmouth 1 3
Glick, Princeton 1 3
Baker, Yale 1 3
Horton, Yale 1 3
Brush, Yale 1 3
Paulson, Princeton 0 3
Austin, Cornell 1 3
Walton, Yale 1 3

The full list follows:

Field Goals. Pts.
McNichol, Penn. 16 112
Kinney, Yale 16 93
Haas, Princeton 20 91
Sisson, Dartmouth 18 64
Williams, Dartmouth 23 59
Brown, Cornell 13 41
Dwyer, Columbia 19 40
McGuire, Princeton 20 40
Calder, Columbia 9 34
L. Martin, Penn. 16 34
Sutterby, Cornell 16 33
Jones, Penn. 16 32
Ferree, Princeton 15 30
Williamson, Penn. 14 28
Lunden, Cornell 13 26
Weiner, Yale 12 24
Burgard, Columbia 12 24
Ashmead, Cornell 7 23
Shelton, Cornell 10 20
Dortch, Dartmouth 9 18
Stenrode, Dartmouth 8 16
Mallon, Yale 8 16
Jefford, Penn. 7 14
Taft, Yale 7 14
Kornsand, Columbia 6 12
Olsen, Yale 6 12
D. Martin, Dartmouth 6 12
Pelletier, Dartmouth 6 12
Davies, Princeton 5 10
Rau, Dartmouth 4 7
Leonard, Columbia 1 7
Roberts, Columbia 1 7
Hardwick, Penn. 2 6
Eskelin, Dartmouth 2 4
Princeton, Cornell 2 4
Wilber, Columbia 3 4
Ortner, Cornell 2 4
Aiston, Dartmouth 1 3
Glick, Princeton 1 3
Baker, Yale 1 3
Horton, Yale 1 3
Brush, Yale 1 3
Paulson, Princeton 0 3
Austin, Cornell 1 3
Walton, Yale 1 3

The full list follows:

Field Goals. Pts.
McNichol, Penn. 16 112
Kinney, Yale 16 93
Haas, Princeton 20 91
Sisson, Dartmouth 18 64
Williams, Dartmouth 23 59
Brown, Cornell 13 41
Dwyer, Columbia 19 40
McGuire, Princeton 20 40
Calder, Columbia 9 34
L. Martin, Penn. 16 34
Sutterby, Cornell 16 33
Jones, Penn. 16 32
Ferree, Princeton 15 30
Williamson, Penn. 14 28
Lunden, Cornell 13 26
Weiner, Yale 12 24
Burgard, Columbia 12 24
Ashmead, Cornell 7 23
Shelton, Cornell 10 20
Dortch, Dartmouth 9 18
Stenrode, Dartmouth 8 16
Mallon, Yale 8 16
Jefford, Penn. 7 14
Taft, Yale 7 14
Kornsand, Columbia 6 12
Olsen, Yale 6 12
D. Martin, Dartmouth 6 12
Pelletier, Dartmouth 6 12



Travelling Requisites for Men

Don't mean a multitude of things. But the selection should comprise of the most becoming for your special requirement.

We serve with care.

Exclusive Representatives:
DOBBS & CO.
Fifth Avenue Hats

FASHION-CRAFT
Shops

MAX BEAUVIS, LTD.
229 St. James St. West End—463 St. Catherine W.

SAME RULES FOR FOOTBALL

Few Changes Made in U.S. College Football.

POWER FOR REFEREE

Will Be Allowed to Call Game On Account of Darkness in Future.

Speaking generally, college football will be played under the same rules during 1916 as in 1915 and the changes which were voted upon at the annual meeting of the rules committee held in New York recently are either for the purpose of interpreting vague points or affecting minor points in the game.

As expected, the chief point of discussion was that of compulsory numbering of players, and the vote was against passing such a rule by 7 to 5. It seemed to be the general sentiment of the delegates, that numbering players would be an aid to the spectators, but a number of the coaches took the view that it would work a hardship on both players and coaches through making it too easy for opposing players to identify each other.

One of the most important changes in the rules was the passing of one which gives to the referee the power to call a game on account of darkness. Another change provides that when one team is late in appearing for the start of the second half, the offending team shall not only be penalized, but the offended team shall have the right to the choice of goal.

In the case of a punt-out a player is not to be allowed to run into the catcher of the punt except in a bona fide attempt to catch the ball, or bat it with the hand. When a kicked ball becomes a free ball, a defensive player will have the right to push aside another player in order to get the ball. A modification was made regarding a foul committed behind the goal line, so that in future should a foul prevent a player from making a touch-down which he would have otherwise made, the referee has it in his power to declare a touch-down in favor of the offended player.

A number of minor changes were made relating to the forward pass. Henceforth the player must be the last man on the line of scrimmage in order to take a forward pass. In case of a player with one foot out of bounds touching a forward pass, the ball is declared out of bounds and comes back onto the field of play. On the defending side the forward pass on the first, second or third down which is not completed and strikes the ground behind the goal line shall be a safety. On the fourth down the ball will go to the opponents. If a forward pass on the defending side hits a goal post on the first, second or third down, it will be a safety and on the fourth down will go to the opposing side. On the attacking side, if a forward pass hits the goal line on the first, second or third down, it will be a touch-down, and on the fourth down will go to the opposing side on the spot where the scrimmage started.

The rule regarding the conduct of players was changed so that it covers all players instead of just the linemen. Chairman E. K. Hall was authorized to appoint a committee to draw up a statement regarding the committee's ideas on the ethics of the game and publish it in the rules book.

Printed for the Publishers—The Students' Council of McGill University—by The Financial Times Press, 333-355 Craig Street, Montreal.

GYM. MAY BE A MAJOR SPORT

State University of Iowa Has Reached a High Stage.

NONE WILL GRADUATE

Members of Present Gym. Team Will Be in Line Next Year.

Gymnastics at the State University of Iowa have reached the point where the sport is about to take its place with others of the major class in inter-collegiate competition, and another year is expected to find a team attending the Western Conference meet. Until this year, and including the present season, the gymnastic squad has performed only within the state, but since the first time, three years ago, that Iowa entered a team in the state meet the Hawkeyes have been the holders of the championship of Iowa. It will not compete in the western inter-collegiate meet this March, but plans to enter next year.

The present season will see Luther College at Decorah entertaining the state tournament. Grinnell, Ames, Luther, Normal and Iowa will compete in this meet.

Exercises on the horizontal bar, the parallel bars, the flying rings, horse, and in tumbling are required of each team that enters the tournament, with two set exercises picked by the committee to be performed on each piece and one original exercise. Each member of a five-man team must compete in at least two events and not more than four, with three men from each school going through each exercise.

Henry Bender, '17, is the captain of the five Iowa gymnasts. Bender is a man of excellent build, medium in height and with muscles strong and well-developed. On the horse and the horizontal bar he is particularly proficient.

Paul Bender, brother of the captain and a Liberal Arts sophomore, has an aptitude for tumbling, and J. M. Stadt, '17, is an excellent performer on the flying rings. Frank Kriz, '17, takes kindly to the parallel bars, and R. J. Jordan, '17, is one of the best men in tumbling and on the horse who has ever represented Iowa on a gymnastic tournament.

Frank Wheeler, formerly physical director at the Dayton, Ohio, Y.M.C.A., and himself a gymnast of great ability, has the men in charge this year and is developing them rapidly. Wheeler is a new man at the university, holding the position of assistant in physical training. He has taught the men advanced stunts and tricks which they are now able to perform with grace and correctness, and has given them their entire work the polish of professionals.

The team made its first appearance before the Iowa students between the halves of the Iowa-Ames basketball game, and gave a most creditable exhibition.

Not one member of the present team will be lost this year by graduation, so that next season, when it is expected to enter the "Big Nine" meet, the five men should be in good condition. In addition to this there are four freshmen, ineligible for varsity inter-collegiate competition this year, who will be out for places. Some of these men are unusually apt, having ability, and competition for places on the team next year is expected to be close.

WHAT'S THE MATTER, HARVARD?

The Christian Science Monitor says: "The time has passed for jesting about Harvard students' failure to compete with graduate students, and with Radcliffe girls, on the play-writing contests which bring renown, and sometimes pecuniary profit, to the Cambridge-educated prize-winners. Scrutiny of the lists of competitors shows the Harvard undergraduate not only unable to win the prizes; he does not seem to care about testing any ability he may have in experimental play-writing. This is a strange situation, considering the incitement to knowledge of the history and technique of art which the university provides for him in a way and to a degree equalled by few universities. To state the situation is not to explain it. But the Crimson rightly is asking for explanations."

HERE'S A "SMALL" MAN.

When Ray Lyman Wilbur, now President of Stanford University, appeared at the University in the early days, he had much trouble in getting a long enough bed. He is 6 feet 3 inches in height.

Remembering his own trouble, he has listened to the plea of H. W. Buckland, '18, 6 feet 6 inches in height for a longer bed. Buckland, who is champion Cardinal back-stroke swimmer, has been sleeping with his feet out of the covers so long that they have grown perpetually cold. He tried rigging up an extension with chairs and pillows, but every night he kicked the contrivance over and raised a fuss in the dormitory. So now he will have a longer bed made.

Dave Davidson are the three twin in the men's mess. Walter Scrivener is secretary to the Y. He is a good secretary and a very busy one. Cedric Gallagher "works" in the operating room. "Dud" Ross is a very close second, and Keith Hutchison may also be found there—sometimes.

JENKS WRITES OF CONDITIONS

(Continued from Page 1.)

ruins and in the groves that once formed the grounds of the college are used for wards. The camp is lighted by electricity; running water is in every building, and the heating appliances are adequate. It is going to be a very comfortable place in which to work.

The Indians bequeathed to us two organizations which are of worth and do merit our appreciation—a luxurious hot and cold shower (we had no bathing means at our former camp save the ancient bucket and the uncleaning channel) and a Y.M.C.A. hut.

We use both freely and revel in their luxury. The Y is the social centre of this unit. The hut has been freshly painted within and tarred without. The floor has been scrubbed, "polished" and mopped. It is really clean, in a hospital sense. Fresh furniture has been purchased, appropriate pictures placed on the walls, and at the end bursts the crimson and white of Old McGill.

Lately we wandered through the darkened streets to the station to witness scenes enacted only in war time. We fell into conversation with a French Lieutenant returning to his regiment in the Champagne district. He was most agreeable, showed us his new unscratched steel helmet, and allowed us to try it on. They are said to give much protection.

Some time back we made a pilgrimage from our former camp to this ancient, smelly, stone-housed town on the sea—Boulogne. Maybe an incident in the journey will serve as an introduction to some ideas on army life which have occurred to us. We secured accommodation in a Premiere Classe—an undertaking most unusual for privates, I assure you. But Canadians, with characteristic American independence, do such astonishing things and disregard so utterly the most sacred traditions of army life that they have brought upon themselves the term "Those Canadians," which means that they will stop at nothing to live a life as unrestricted in matters of form as they do at home. Before this war an English Tommy would no more have thought of travelling in a first-class compartment than he would of going to the Savoy or Cecil to dinner, for these places were officers' places and not for privates.

Between English officers and privates one frequently observes relationships which indicate a new condition of things. It would seem that the fuss and feathers of red tape in the relationships of men fighting in the same unit for the same cause is beginning to pass. The conception of discipline in terms of inequality or no intercourse between officer and man is giving way before the mighty thrust of the new armies. Kitchener's men are free men and willing—they are the banker, the student, the athlete. The type of officer is different. One noticeable innovation is an increasing number of promotions from the ranks. This indicates that the type of private is changing and improving. In a word, the ranker is not so much of a ranker as he used to be.

Jenks then gives some notes about members of the Hospital. Here are some:

"Bunt" Tinling has been promoted to the responsible position of sergeant-major. He is a good one, too. "Doc" Gareau is a sergeant. Lorne ("Monty") Montgomery is a husky corporal. Harry Fry is also a burly corporal. Fred Miller bears one stripe cheerfully. Learoyd Beyerside and Brooks are budding dispensary chemists. George Hobart is in the registrar's office.

Charlie Roman, Jack Valentine and

MAKING PREPARATIONS.

New Hampshire State College Expects Busy Track Season.

W. H. Cowell, athletic director of New Hampshire State College, is making preparations for the busiest track season ever known here. There are to be seven meets this spring, with Bates, April 29, at Lewiston; May 13, with Worcester Polytechnic Institute, at Durham, N.H.; May 27, with Rhode Island State, at Kingston, R.I., and June 3, with Vermont, at Durham, N.H.; on April 15, an inter-company meet; an inter-class meet on May 6, and May 29 the annual inter-scholastic games.

Instructor C. R. Cleveland, of the Faculty, at one time captain of the Wisconsin track team, will be head coach, assisted by Prof. K. W. Woodward, formerly captain of the Cornell cross-country team, and Prof. R. H. Porter, a former sprinter at the University of Maine.

FIVE COLLEGES IN WRESTLING MEET

All But Columbia Have Excellent Chances of Copping Honors.

Already five colleges have signified their intention of entering men in the inter-collegiate wrestling meet, which will be held at Princeton, N.J., March 18 and 19, and with all five teams sending up veteran squads, a closer struggle for the championship than ever before is anticipated.

Pennsylvania, Columbia, Cornell, Lehigh and Princeton are the five institutions which have entered teams, and all except Columbia at present appear to have a chance to win the championship. The Morningside Heights wrestlers are not up to their usual standards this year, and consequently are not being counted on as possible point winners in the coming tournament.

In the 115-pound class, Kirkhuff, of Lehigh, who won second place in last year's inter-collegiates, is expected to carry off first honors, while Sherman, of Pennsylvania, should push him to the limit. There is great doubt as to who will win the 125-pound class championship, for MacKenzie, of Cornell; Martin, of Lehigh, and Jones, of Princeton, all seem to be of about even strength. The 135-pound class is anybody's with such men as Reynolds, of Cornell; Hiss, of Lehigh, and Leigh, of Pennsylvania.

Frank Wheeler, formerly physical director at the Dayton, Ohio, Y.M.C.A., and himself a gymnast of great ability, has the men in charge this year and is developing them rapidly.

Wheeler is a new man at the university, holding the position of assistant in physical training. He has taught the men advanced stunts and tricks which they are now able to perform with grace and correctness, and has given them their entire work the polish of professionals.

The team made its first appearance before the Iowa students between the halves of the Iowa-Ames basketball game, and gave a most creditable exhibition.

Not one member of the present team will be lost this year by graduation, so that next season, when it is expected to enter the "Big Nine" meet, the five men should be in good condition. In addition to this there are four freshmen, ineligible for varsity inter-collegiate competition this year, who will be out for places. Some of these men are unusually apt, having ability, and competition for places on the team next year is expected to be close.

FAREWELL SERMON TO QUEEN'S CORPS

No. 7 General Hospital Will Shortly Leave for Overseas Service.

The officers, men and nursing sisters of Queen's Stationary Hospital (No. 7 General Hospital), who are leaving shortly for overseas, attended divine service at Grant Hall Sunday morning, when the Rev. Byron Stauffer, of Toronto, delivered a forcible sermon on service. While not mentioning expressly the service to country, the speaker gave a splendid address on service to Christ and mankind. He spoke of the devotion shown by the disciples when they washed the feet of Jesus and characterized it as a splendid rule for all to follow. Service, even in its humblest form, was good. Sacrifices had to be made in serving others, and whatever the sacrifice be, no sacrifice could be more nobler than one made for God. We all had to serve in some capacity if we expected to reach the goal so cherished. God could be served in many ways. A noble life, which gave all for Him no matter how great the danger and sacrifice, was one of the finest remembrances. It was also our duty in serving to uplift mankind, be kind to all and to be eager in every walk of life to Christianize the world.

The junior 'varsity crew at present is boated as follows: Othus, bow; Courtney, 2; Reichert, 3; Nelms, 4; Brown, 5; Stahl, 6; Gardner, 7; stroke, Williamson.

The third combination is boated as follows: Egbert, bow; Calder, 2; Ackerman, 3; Bonney, 4; Kirkland, 5; Lytle, 6; Fitzpatrick, 7; stroke, Williamson.

Crew A—Stroke, C. C. Lund '16; 7; H. H. Cabot, Jr., '17; 6; D. P. Morgan '16; 4; K. P. Culbert, '17; 3; E. W. Soucy '16; 2; M. Taylor, '18; bow, D. A. Coolidge, Jr., '17.

CORNELL CREW LOOKS FAST

Nearly All of Last Year's Squad Turn Out.

COURTNEY IN CHARGE

Cornell Has a Number of Experienced Oarsmen Who Should Make Good.

Although Coach C. E. Courtney has only been to the boathouse once since his return from Poughkeepsie last year and once to the crew room this winter, Cornell's chances on the water are very good on account of the wealth of veteran material at hand. Coach Courtney is unable to take any active part in the coaching, however, the crew men reporting to his house, where he is kept in close touch with everything.

The crew squads have been cut down to 75 men trying for the 'varsity and junior 'varsity and 50 trying for the freshman boat. With the beginning of March interest in rowing at Cornell University is growing apace and coaches and oarsmen are awaiting eagerly the chance to man the gigs, transferring practice from the rather irksome, monotonous work on the rowing machines to the inlet and lake, where the really important training is carried on.

If Cornell does not have a high class 'varsity and junior 'varsity eight this year it will not be because of a lack of experienced oarsmen. Seldom in the history of rowing at Ithaca have there been so many veterans available for the 'varsity squad.

Striking proof of the wealth of this material is shown in the present make-up of the 'varsity eight, only one man is now rowing in the combination who did not occupy a seat in the champion shell at Poughkeepsie last year. He is Morgan, at bow, from the junior 'varsity boat of a year ago. All seven other oarsmen now in the 'varsity were members of last year's eight, and six of the seven are occupying the same positions they had last year.

Brown, who rowed No. 7 last year, was the only man to graduate last June. In his place Assistant Coach Hoyle has shifted Farnow, bow oar of last year, while Morgan takes Farnow's place. Bird at 2, Lund at 3, Andrews at 4, Worn at 5, and Stahl at 6 remain in their old positions, while the shell is stroked by John Collier, the brilliant stroke oar of a year ago, and one of the ablest strokes ever developed at Ithaca. James, the snappy little coxswain of last year, is not in the university now, and it is impossible at this time to tell from the various squads who will be the coxswain this year.

Besides the 'varsity Coach Hoyle has two other combinations containing for the most part men who have rowed in the junior or freshman eights, and three others make up the balance of the 'varsity squad. No cuts will be made until the men get out on the water.

The junior 'varsity crew at present is boated as follows: Othus, bow; Courtney, 2; Reichert, 3; Nelms, 4; Brown, 5; Stahl, 6; Gardner, 7; stroke, Williamson.

Crew B—Stroke, J. C. White, Jr., '17; H. A. Quimby '18; 6; H. S. Middendorf '16; 5; J. W. Middendorf '16; 4; K. P. Culbert, '17; 3; E. W. Soucy '16; 2; M. Taylor, '18; bow, D. A. Coolidge, Jr., '17.

"EVERYWHERE—WHY?"

MURAD
CIGARETTES

Ten for fifteen cents.

FINEST QUALITY.

HARVARD CREWS RESUME PRACTICE

What's On

To-day.

12:00—Law hockey practice.

1:00—Science '16 hockey practice.

1:30—Y. W. C. A. Cabinet meeting in R. V. C.

4:00—Skating on Campus Rink.

5:00—Wicksteed competition practice.

5:30—Gym classes at V. M. C. A.

7:45—C. O. T. C. parade.

8:00—Fancy Skating Club at Campus.

9:00—Medicine '19 hockey practice.

Comings